

**CIVA CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL**  
**BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
June 30, 2016



**RECEIVED**

*By Justin L. Smith at 9:07 am, Oct 25, 2016*

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**JOHN CUTLER  
& ASSOCIATES**

Board of Directors  
CIVA Charter High School  
Colorado Springs, Colorado

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

**Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of CIVA Charter High School, component unit of Colorado Springs School District 11, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the School, as listed in the table of contents.

**Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

**Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

**Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of CIVA Charter High School, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## Other Matters

### *Required Supplementary Information*

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, schedule of the school proportionate share, and the schedule of the school's contributions on pages 22-24 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

*John Luttrell & Associates, LLC*

August 12, 2016

CIVA CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL  
Management's Discussion and Analysis

Unaudited

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

The management of CIVA Charter High School offers this Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of the school's financial performance to provide an overall review of financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. Please read this discussion in conjunction with additional information provided by auditors in the Independent Auditors' report.

**FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

June 30, 2016 marked the end of the 19<sup>th</sup> year of operation for CIVA Charter High School.

The liabilities of the School exceeded its assets at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$1,415,211.

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, the School's revenues of \$1,558,374 exceeded the expenditures of \$1,521,204 by \$37,171.

The School's total current assets on June 30, 2016 were \$540,873.

The operations of CIVA Charter High School are funded primarily by tax revenue received under the State School Finance Act. Tax revenue from per pupil revenue for 2015-16 was \$1,285,554.

The School implemented GASB 68 in the 14-15 school year and recognizes its proportionate share of the School Division Trust Fund (SCHDTF) administered by the public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). Please see Note 6 at the end of this report.

**OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This report consists of three parts: 1) Management's Discussion and Analysis, 2) Basic Financial Statements, including Notes to the Financial Statements, and 3) Required Supplementary Information.

**SCHOOL-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The School-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the school's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on the School's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the school is improving or not.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the School's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. earned but unpaid salary and benefits).

The school-wide statement of activities distinguishes functions of the School supported primarily by per pupil operating revenue or other revenues passed through from Colorado Springs School District 11. The governmental activities of the School include instructional and supporting services.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School, like other governmental units or charter schools, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the School-wide financial statements. However, unlike the school-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near term inflows and outflows of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the school's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the School-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the School-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the school's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the School-wide and fund financial statements.

### **FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL**

One of the most important questions asked about the School's finances is "Is the school as a whole better off or worse off as a result of this year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the School's activities in a way that can help answer that question. These two statements report the net position of the school and changes in it. The School's net position (the difference between assets and liabilities) are one way to measure financial health or net position. Over time, increases in the school's net position are one indicator that the school's financial health is improving. However, the reader should consider other non-financial factors such as changes in economic conditions, student population growth, or changed governmental legislation.

As part of our analysis, we provide a summary of the school's Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both presented below.

**Condensed Statement of Net Position**

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>Change</u>
<b>Assets</b>			
Cash and Investments	\$ 524,689	\$ 480,983	\$ 43,706
Other current Assets	16,184	29,791	(13,607)
Capital Assets, Net	192,378	213,721	(21,343)
<b>Total Assets</b>	<u>733,251</u>	<u>724,495</u>	<u>8,756</u>
<b>Deferred Outflows - PERA</b>	<u>602,897</u>	<u>410,905</u>	<u>191,992</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>			
Current Liabilities	58,190	65,262	(7,072)
Net Pension Liability	2,655,531	2,253,360	402,171
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<u>2,713,721</u>	<u>2,318,622</u>	<u>395,099</u>
<b>Deferred Inflows - PERA</b>	<u>37,638</u>	<u>126</u>	<u>37,512</u>
<b>Net Position</b>			
Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 192,378	\$ 213,721	\$ (21,343)
Restricted for Emergencies	44,000	48,000	(4,000)
Unrestricted Funds	(1,651,589)	(1,445,069)	(206,520)
<b>Total Net Position</b>	<u>\$ (1,415,211)</u>	<u>\$ (1,183,348)</u>	<u>\$ (231,863)</u>

Total net position from operations increased from \$445,512 at the end of FY 2014-15 to \$482,683 at the end of FY 2015-16. Disregarding the PERA adjustment, the amount of the increase for the year was \$37,171

## Condensed Statement of Activities

<b>Revenues:</b>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>Change</u>
Program revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 76,484	\$ 94,978	\$ (18,494)
Operating grants and contributions	89,190	62,119	27,071
Capital grants and contributions	23,523	16,548	6,975
General revenues:			
Per pupil revenue	1,285,554	1,338,347	(52,793)
Mill levy override	69,948	65,936	4,012
Other revenue	12	3,958	(3,946)
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<u>1,544,711</u>	<u>1,581,886</u>	<u>(37,175)</u>
<b>Expenses:</b>			
Instructional	1,069,504	902,571	166,933
Support services	707,070	650,528	56,542
<b>Total Expenses</b>	<u>1,776,574</u>	<u>1,553,099</u>	<u>223,475</u>
Change in net position	(231,863)	28,787	(260,650)
Net position, beginning, restated	(1,183,348)	(1,212,135)	28,787
<b>Net position, ending</b>	<u>\$ (1,415,211)</u>	<u>\$ (1,183,348)</u>	<u>\$ (231,863)</u>

In the Statement of Activities above, each line item shows the nature and source of the changes.

### Analysis of Operations

**Revenues:** Total revenues for the period of July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2016 were \$1,554,711. The majority of income was received in the form of per pupil revenue allocated to CIVA Charter High School from the State of Colorado through their charter authorizer Colorado Springs School District 11. The School had 180 full time students and received \$1,285,554 (\$7,144.47 per pupil). The rate of per pupil funding increased \$210.03 from 2014/2015 to 2015/2016. The School received \$23,523 in Capital Construction funding from the State of Colorado that supported building improvements.

**Expenses:** Total expenses for the period of July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2016 were \$1,507,540, up 1.9% from the year ended June 30, 2015.

**Net Position -** For the period of July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2016 CIVA Charter High School reported a net increase of \$37,171 in governmental activities.

### BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Schools' 2015-2016 annual budget was approved by the Board of Directors in April 2015 and included School expenditures of \$1,641,257. The expected change in fund balance for the General Fund was an increase of \$4,925. In October the Board approved a revised budget of \$1,598,185 based on October enrollment and per pupil revenue projections.

Actual School revenue came in \$2,994 under budget. Total expenses of \$1,507,540 were \$90,644, (or 6%) under budget. Significant areas of expense that came in under budget were Instructional, Operations & Maintenance and Central Support Services.

## **CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

Assets with a useful life of more than one year and a unit cost of greater than \$5,000 are capitalized. Assets are recorded at cost and depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, ranging from three to 40 years. Please see Note 4 for detail of Capital Assets.

The school has no outstanding debt.

## **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET**

The primary factor driving the budget for the school is student enrollment. The enrollment projected for the 2016-17 school year is 190 full-time students.

The Board of Directors and administration considered many factors when setting the budget for FY 2016-17. The amount of funding for school operations is dependent upon the state of the economy and current and future legislation. Thus, management practices conservative budgeting and closely monitors the budget in comparison with actual spending, in order to proactively adjust planned spending when necessary.

## **REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the CIVA Charter School's finances for all interested parties. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report should be directed to the school principal at CIVA Charter High School, 4635 Northpark Drive, Colorado Springs, CO 80918.

## **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

## CIVA CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

As of June 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities	
	2016	2015
ASSETS		
Cash and Investments	\$ 524,689	\$ 480,983
Accounts Receivable	11,514	12,238
Prepaid Expenses	4,670	17,553
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	192,378	213,721
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>733,251</u>	<u>724,495</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Related to Pensions	<u>602,897</u>	<u>410,905</u>
LIABILITIES		
Accrued Expenses	5,800	13,339
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	52,390	51,923
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Net Pension Liability	<u>2,655,531</u>	<u>2,253,360</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>2,713,721</u>	<u>2,318,622</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Related to Pensions	<u>37,638</u>	<u>126</u>
NET POSITION		
Investment in Capital Assets	192,378	213,721
Restricted for Emergencies	44,000	48,000
Unrestricted	<u>(1,651,589)</u>	<u>(1,445,069)</u>
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>\$ (1,415,211)</u>	<u>\$ (1,183,348)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

CIVA CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2016

FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses	PROGRAM REVENUES			NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION	
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	
					2016	2015
<b>PRIMARY GOVERNMENT</b>						
<b>Governmental Activities</b>						
Instructional	\$ 1,069,504	\$ 76,484	\$ 89,190	\$ -	\$ (903,830)	\$ (745,474)
Supporting Services	707,070	-	-	23,523	(683,547)	(633,980)
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 1,776,574</u>	<u>\$ 76,484</u>	<u>\$ 89,190</u>	<u>\$ 23,523</u>	(1,587,377)	(1,379,454)
<b>GENERAL REVENUES</b>						
					1,285,554	1,338,347
					69,948	65,936
					12	3,958
					<u>1,355,514</u>	<u>1,408,241</u>
					(231,863)	28,787
					<u>(1,183,348)</u>	<u>(1,212,135)</u>
					<u>\$ (1,415,211)</u>	<u>\$ (1,183,348)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

CIVA CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL

BALANCE SHEET  
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
June 30, 2016

	GENERAL FUND	
	2016	2015
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Cash and Investments	\$ 524,689	\$ 480,983
Accounts Receivable	11,514	12,238
Prepaid Expenses	4,670	17,553
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$ 540,873</b>	<b>\$ 510,774</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES</b>		
<b>LIABILITIES</b>		
Accrued Expenses	5,800	13,339
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	52,390	51,923
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b>58,190</b>	<b>65,262</b>
<b>FUND BALANCES</b>		
Nonspendable	4,670	17,553
Restricted for Emergencies	44,000	48,000
Committed	198,000	-
Unassigned	236,013	379,959
<b>TOTAL FUND BALANCES</b>	<b>482,683</b>	<b>445,512</b>
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because;		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in the funds.	192,378	213,721
Long-term liabilities and related assets are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. This liability includes net pension liability of (\$2,655,531) deferred outflows related to pensions of \$602,897, and deferred inflows related to pensions of (\$37,638).	(2,090,272)	(1,842,581)
<b>Net position of governmental activities</b>	<b>\$ (1,415,211)</b>	<b>\$ (1,183,348)</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

CIVA CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES  
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES  
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
Year Ended June 30, 2016

	<u>GENERAL FUND</u>	
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
REVENUES		
Local Sources	\$ 1,455,521	\$ 1,503,219
State and Federal Sources	89,190	78,667
	<u>1,544,711</u>	<u>1,581,886</u>
TOTAL REVENUES		
EXPENDITURES		
Current		
Instruction	872,187	853,755
Supporting Services	635,353	626,229
	<u>1,507,540</u>	<u>1,479,984</u>
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	37,171	101,902
FUND BALANCES, Beginning	<u>445,512</u>	<u>343,610</u>
FUND BALANCES, Ending	<u>\$ 482,683</u>	<u>\$ 445,512</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

CIVA CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES,  
EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES  
Year Ended June 30, 2016

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 37,171
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement of net position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the statement of activities. This is the depreciation expense for the year.	(21,343)
Deferred Charges related to pensions are not recognized in the governmental funds. However, for the government-wide funds that amounts are capitalized and amortized.	<u>(247,691)</u>
Change in net position of governmental activities	<u>\$ (231,863)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

CIVA CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

**NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

CIVA Charter High School (the “School”) was formed pursuant to the Colorado Charter Schools Act to form and operate a charter school with Colorado Springs School District No. 11.

The accounting policies of the School conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units. Following is a summary of the more significant policies.

**Reporting Entity**

The financial reporting entity consists of the School and organizations for which the School is financially accountable. All funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments and offices that are not legally separate are part of the School. In addition, any legally separate organizations for which the School is financially accountable are considered part of the reporting entity. Financial accountability exists if the School appoints a voting majority of the organization’s governing board and is able to impose its will on the organization, or if the organization provides benefits to, or imposes financial burdens on the School.

Based upon the application of these criteria, no additional organizations are includable in the School’s reporting entity. However, it is a component unit of the Colorado Springs School District No. 11.

**Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the School. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by intergovernmental revenues, are reported in a single column.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of the given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment.

Program revenues include 1) charges to students or others who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment.

Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

CIVA CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

**NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

**Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements** (Continued)

Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements.

**Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation**

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period, not to exceed 60 days. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Intergovernmental revenues and grants associated with the current fiscal period are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the School.

Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the School's policy to use restricted resources first and the unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The School reports the following major governmental fund:

*General Fund*— This fund is the general operating fund of the School. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

CIVA CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

**NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

**Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance/Net Position**

*Receivables* – All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

*Capital Assets* – Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the School as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Depreciation of exhaustible capital assets is charged as an expense against operations, and accumulated depreciation is reported on the statement of Net position in the government-wide financial statements. Depreciation has been provided over the following estimated useful lives of the capital assets using the straight-line method: buildings and improvements, 15 years, vehicles, 10 years.

*Net Position* – The government-wide fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Investment in capital assets is intended to reflect the portion of net position which is associated with non-liquid, capital assets less outstanding capital asset related debt. The net related debt is the debt less the outstanding liquid assets and any associated unamortized cost. Restricted net position is liquid assets, which have third party limitations on their use. Unrestricted net position represents assets that do not have any third party limitations on their use.

*Fund Balance Classification* – The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the School is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- Restricted – This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The School has classified Emergency Reserves as being restricted because their use is restricted by State Statute for declared emergencies.

CIVA CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
June 30, 2016

**NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

**Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance/Net Position** (Continued)

- Committed – This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Directors. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Directors removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. As of June 30, 2016, the School committed \$198,000 for building reserves.
- Unassigned – This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The Unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of Assigned fund balance amounts.

The School would typically use Restricted fund balances first, followed by Committed resources, and then Assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend Unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

**Risk Management**

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The School purchases commercial insurance for these risks of loss. The School has not suffered any losses that exceeded coverage in the last three years.

**Comparative Data**

Comparative total data for the prior year has been presented in the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of changes in the School's financial position and operations. However, complete comparative data in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles has not been presented since its inclusion would make the financial statements unduly complex and difficult to read.

Data in these columns do not present financial position or results of operations in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

CIVA CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

**NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY**

**Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

A budget is adopted for the General Fund on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

School management submits to the Board of Directors a proposed budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget is adopted by the Board prior to June 30. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. Revisions must be approved by the Board. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

**NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

**Deposits**

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulations. At June 30, 2016, State regulatory commissioners have indicated that the majority of the financial institutions holding deposits for the School are eligible public depositories. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized by eligible collateral as determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the financial institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds held.

The pool is to be maintained by another institution, or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the uninsured deposits. The School has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2016, the School had deposits with financial institutions with a carrying amount of \$524,389. The bank balances with the financial institutions were \$564,277. Of these balances \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$314,277 was covered by collateral held by authorized escrow agents in the financial institutions name (PDPA).

**Investments**

Interest Rate Risk

The School does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

CIVA CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
June 30, 2016

**NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS** (Continued)

Credit Risk

Colorado statutes specify in which instruments units of local government may invest, which include:

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. Government Agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Local government investment pools
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts

**NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital Assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 is summarized below.

	Balance <u>June 30, 2015</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance <u>June 30, 2016</u>
<b>Governmental Activities</b>				
Capital Assets, Depreciated				
Vehicles	\$ 83,350	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 83,350
Building Improvements	<u>195,101</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>195,101</u>
Total Capital Assets, Depreciated	<u>278,451</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>278,451</u>
Accumulated Depreciation				
Vehicles	32,249	8,932	-	41,181
Building Improvements	<u>32,481</u>	<u>12,411</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>44,892</u>
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>64,730</u>	<u>21,343</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>86,073</u>
Net Capital Assets	<u><b>\$ 213,721</b></u>	<u><b>\$ (12,095)</b></u>	<u><b>\$ -</b></u>	<u><b>\$ 192,378</b></u>

Depreciation has been charged to supporting services program of the School.

CIVA CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

**NOTE 5: ACCRUED SALARIES AND BENEFITS**

Salaries and retirement benefits of certain contractually employed personnel are paid over a twelve month period from August to July, but are earned during a school year of nine months. The salaries and benefits earned, but unpaid, as of June 30, 2016, were \$52,390 in the General Fund.

**NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN**

**Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

*Pensions.* The School participates in the School Division Trust Fund (SCHDTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the SCHDTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

**General Information about the Pension Plan**

*Plan description.* Eligible employees of the School are provided with pensions through the School Division Trust Fund (SCHDTF)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by PERA. Plan benefits are specified in Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), administrative rules set forth at 8 C.C.R. 1502-1, and applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained at [www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports](http://www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports).

*Benefits provided.* PERA provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined by the amount of service credit earned and/or purchased, highest average salary, the benefit structure(s) under which the member retires, the benefit option selected at retirement, and age at retirement. Retirement eligibility is specified in tables set forth at C.R.S. § 24-51-602, 604, 1713, and 1714.

CIVA CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

**NOTE 6:** **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

**General Information about the Pension Plan** (Continued)

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the PERA Benefit Structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit
- The value of the retiring employee's member contribution account plus a 100 percent match on eligible amounts as of the retirement date. This amount is then annuitized into a monthly benefit based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

In all cases the service retirement benefit is limited to 100 percent of highest average salary and also cannot exceed the maximum benefit allowed by federal Internal Revenue Code.

Members may elect to withdraw their member contribution accounts upon termination of employment with all PERA employers; waiving rights to any lifetime retirement benefits earned. If eligible, the member may receive a match of either 50 percent or 100 percent on eligible amounts depending on when contributions were remitted to PERA, the date employment was terminated, whether 5 years of service credit has been obtained and the benefit structure under which contributions were made.

Benefit recipients who elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit are generally eligible to receive post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs), referred to as annual increases in the C.R.S. Benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began eligible employment before January 1, 2007 and all benefit recipients of the DPS benefit structure receive an annual increase of 2 percent, unless PERA has a negative investment year, in which case the annual increase for the next three years is the lesser of 2 percent or the average of the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) for the prior calendar year. Benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began eligible employment after January 1, 2007 receive an annual increase of the lesser of 2 percent or the average CPI-W for the prior calendar year, not to exceed 10 percent of PERA's Annual Increase Reserve for the SCHDTF.

Disability benefits are available for eligible employees once they reach five years of earned service credit and are determined to meet the definition of disability. The disability benefit amount is based on the retirement benefit formula shown above considering a minimum 20 years of service credit, if deemed disabled.

CIVA CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
June 30, 2016

**NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

**General Information about the Pension Plan** (Continued)

Survivor benefits are determined by several factors, which include the amount of earned service credit, highest average salary of the deceased, the benefit structure(s) under which service credit was obtained, and the qualified survivor(s) who will receive the benefits.

*Contributions.* Eligible employees and the School are required to contribute to the SCHDTF at a rate set by Colorado statute. The contribution requirements are established under C.R.S. § 24-51-401, *et seq.* Eligible employees are required to contribute 8 percent of their PERA-includable salary. The employer contribution requirements are summarized in the table below:

	For the Year Ended December 31, 2015	For the Year Ended December 31, 2016
Employer Contribution Rate <sup>1</sup>	10.15%	10.15%
Amount of Employer Contribution apportioned to the Health Care Trust Fund as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-208(1)(f) <sup>1</sup>	(1.02)%	(1.02)%
Amount Apportioned to the SCHDTF <sup>1</sup>	9.13%	9.13%
Amortization Equalization Disbursement (AED) as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411 <sup>1</sup>	4.20%	4.50%
Supplemental Amortization Equalization Disbursement (SAED) as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411 <sup>1</sup>	4.00%	4.50%
Total Employer Contribution Rate to the SCHDTF <sup>1</sup>	17.33%	18.13%

<sup>1</sup>Rates are expressed as a percentage of salary as defined in C.R.S. § 24-51-101(42).

Employer contributions are recognized by the SCHDTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the School is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the SCHDTF. Employer contributions recognized by the SCHDTF School were \$138,334 for the year ended June 30, 2016.

CIVA CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

**NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

**Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions**

At June 30, 2016 the School reported a liability of \$2,655,531 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2014. Standard update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to December 31, 2015. The School proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School's contributions to the SCHDTF for the calendar year 2015 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the SCHDTF.

At December 31, 2015, the School proportion was .01736%, which was an increase of .00074% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2014.

For the year ended June 30, 2016 the School recognized pension expense of \$386,024. At June 30, 2016, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$225,795	(\$111)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	N/A	(\$37,527)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$ 35,067	N/A
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions	\$274,382	N/A
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 67,653	N/A
Total	\$602,897	(\$37,638)

CIVA CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
June 30, 2016

**NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

**Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions** (Continued)

\$67,653 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<b>Year ended June 30,</b>	
2017	\$187,243
2018	\$187,262
2019	\$76,799
2020	\$46,302

*Actuarial assumptions.* The total pension liability in the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Price inflation	2.80%
Real wage growth	1.10%
Wage inflation	3.90%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.90%-10.10%
Long-term investment Rate of Return, net of pension plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.50%
Future post-retirement benefit increases:	
PERA Benefit Structure hired prior to 1/1/07; and DPS Benefit Structure (automatic)	2.00%
PERA Benefit Structure hired after 12/31/06 (ad hoc, substantively automatic)	Financed by the Annual Increase Reserve

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on a projection of Scale AA to 2020 with Males set back 1 year, and Females set back 2 years.

CIVA CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

**NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

**Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions** (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2008 through December 31, 2011, adopted by PERA's Board on November 13, 2012, and an economic assumption study, adopted by PERA's Board on November 15, 2013 and January 17, 2014.

Changes to assumptions or other inputs since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation are as follows:

The following programming changes were made:

- Valuation of the full survivor benefit without any reduction for possible remarriage.
- Reflection of the employer match on separation benefits for all eligible years.
- Reflection of one year of service eligibility for survivor annuity benefit.
- Refinement of the 18 month annual increase timing.
- Refinements to directly value certain and life, modified cash refund and pop-up benefit forms

The following methodology changes were made:

- Recognition of merit salary increases in the first projection year.
- Elimination of the assumption that 35% of future disabled members elect to receive a refund.
- Removal of the negative value adjustment for liabilities associated with refunds of future terminating members.
- Adjustments to the timing of the normal cost and unfunded actuarial accrued liability payment calculations to reflect contributions throughout the year.

The SCHDTF's long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

As of the November 15, 2013 adoption of the long-term expected rate of return by the PERA Board, the target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

CIVA CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

**NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

**Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions** (Continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation	10 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity – Large Cap	26.76%	5.00%
U.S. Equity – Small Cap	4.40%	5.19%
Non U.S. Equity – Developed	22.06%	5.29%
Non U.S. Equity – Emerging	6.24%	6.76%
Core Fixed Income	24.05%	0.98%
High Yield	1.53%	2.64%
Long Duration Gov't/Credit	0.53%	1.57%
Emerging Market Bonds	0.43%	3.04%
Real Estate	7.00%	5.09%
Private Equity	7.00%	7.15%
Total	100.00%	

\* In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.50%.

*Discount rate.* The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.90%.
- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the current member contribution rate. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.

CIVA CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

**NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

**Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions** (Continued)

- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law, including current and estimated future AED and SAED, until the Actuarial Value Funding Ratio reaches 103%, at which point, the AED and SAED will each drop 0.50% every year until they are zero. Additionally, estimated employer contributions included reductions for the funding of the AIR and retiree health care benefits. For future plan members, employer contributions were further reduced by the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members not financed by their member contributions.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process used by the plan to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- The AIR balance was excluded from the initial fiduciary net position, as, per statute, AIR amounts cannot be used to pay benefits until transferred to either the retirement benefits reserve or the survivor benefits reserve, as appropriate. As the ad hoc post-retirement benefit increases financed by the AIR are defined to have a present value at the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments equal to the amount transferred for their future payment, AIR transfers to the fiduciary net position and the subsequent AIR benefit payments have no impact on the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) determination process when the timing of AIR cash flows is not a factor (i.e., the plan's fiduciary net position is not projected to be depleted). When AIR cash flow timing is a factor in the SEIR determination process (i.e., the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted), AIR transfers to the fiduciary net position and the subsequent AIR benefit payments were estimated and included in the projections.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the end of the month.

Based on the above actuarial cost method and assumptions, the SCHDTF's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate determination does not use the Municipal Bond Index Rate. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

CIVA CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

**NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

**Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions** (Continued)

*Sensitivity of the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.* The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.50%)	Current Discount Rate (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$3,442,344	\$2,655,531	\$2,001,049

*Pension plan fiduciary net position.* Detailed information about the SCHDTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's comprehensive annual financial report which can be obtained at [www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports](http://www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports).

**Other Post-Employment Benefits**

**Health Care Trust Fund**

*Plan Description* – The School contributes to the Health Care Trust Fund ("HCTF"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer healthcare trust administered by PERA. The HCTF benefit provides a health care premium subsidy and health care programs (known as PERACare) to PERA participating benefit recipients and their eligible beneficiaries. Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the C.R.S., as amended, establishes the HCTF and sets forth a framework that grants authority to the PERA Board to contract, self-insure and authorize disbursements necessary in order to carry out the purposes of the PERACare program, including the administration of health care subsidies. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the HCTF. That report can be obtained at [www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports](http://www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports).

*Funding Policy* – The School is required to contribute at a rate of 1.02 percent of PERA-includable salary for all PERA members as set by statute. No member contributions are required. The contribution requirements for the School are established under Title 24, Article 51, Part 4 of the C.R.S., as amended. The apportionment of the contributions to the HCTF is established under Title 24, Article 51, Section 208(1)(f) of the C.R.S., as amended. For the years ending June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014, the School contributions to the HCTF were \$7,352, \$7,641 and \$6,312, respectively, equal to their required contributions for each year.

CIVA CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

**NOTE 7: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

**Building Agreement**

The District issued bonds in November of 2005 for various capital projects. The School was able to obtain its current building and most improvements as part of this bond issue. On September 15, 2006, the District purchased the building for the School and because CIVA is not required to pay into the District's Major Capital Reinvestment fund, CIVA is responsible for the building and land improvements. The building and most improvements belong to the District.

**Claims and Judgments**

The School participates in a number of federal and state programs that are fully or partially funded by grants received from other governmental units. Expenditures financed by grants are subject to audit by the appropriate grantor government. If expenditures are disallowed due to noncompliance with grant program regulations, the School may be required to reimburse the grantor government. As of June 30, 2016, significant amounts of grant expenditures have not been audited, but the School believes that disallowed expenditures, if any, based on subsequent audits will not have a material effect on the overall financial position of the School.

**Tabor Amendment**

In November 1992, Colorado voters passed the Tabor Amendment to the State Constitution, which limits state and local government tax powers and imposes spending limitations. Fiscal year 1993 provides the basis for limits in future years to which may be applied allowable increases for inflation and student enrollment. Revenue received in excess of the limitations may be required to be refunded. The School believes it has complied with the Amendment. As required by the Amendment, the School has established a reserve for emergencies. At June 30, 2016, the reserve of \$44,000 was recorded as a restriction of fund balance in the General Fund.

**NOTE 8: DEFICIT NET POSITION**

The Net Position of the government type activities is in a deficit position of \$1,415,211 due to the School including the Net Pension Liability per GASB No. 68.

**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

CIVA CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL

GENERAL FUND  
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE  
Year Ended June 30, 2016

	2016			VARIANCE	2015 ACTUAL
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	Positive (Negative)	
<b>REVENUES</b>					
Local Sources					
Per Pupil Revenue	\$ 1,393,172	\$ 1,286,005	\$ 1,285,554	\$ (451)	\$ 1,338,347
Mill Levy Override	65,936	65,936	69,948	4,012	65,936
Tuition and Fees	95,038	102,038	100,007	(2,031)	94,978
Interest	3,000	3,000	12	(2,988)	3,958
State and Federal Sources					
Grants and Donations	89,036	90,722	89,190	(1,532)	78,667
<b>TOTAL REVENUES</b>	<b>1,646,182</b>	<b>1,547,701</b>	<b>1,544,711</b>	<b>(2,990)</b>	<b>1,581,886</b>
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>					
Instruction					
Salaries	641,763	636,911	610,869	26,042	603,675
Employee Benefits	217,477	201,077	180,949	20,128	165,202
Purchased Services	44,485	47,675	31,540	16,135	34,856
Supplies and Materials	36,996	30,996	39,460	(8,464)	37,518
Other	-	-	9,369	(9,369)	12,504
Total Instruction	940,721	916,659	872,187	44,472	853,755
Supporting Services					
School Administration					
Salaries	159,304	159,304	155,954	3,350	152,200
Employee Benefits	32,179	47,479	56,626	(9,147)	47,145
Purchased Services	474,053	442,743	353,868	88,875	338,986
Supplies and Materials	31,000	32,000	63,062	(31,062)	81,409
Other	4,000	-	5,843	(5,843)	6,489
Board Reserves	-	198,000	-	198,000	-
Total Supporting Services	700,536	879,526	635,353	244,173	626,229
<b>TOTAL EXPENDITURES</b>	<b>1,641,257</b>	<b>1,796,185</b>	<b>1,507,540</b>	<b>288,645</b>	<b>1,479,984</b>
<b>NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE</b>	<b>4,925</b>	<b>(248,484)</b>	<b>37,171</b>	<b>285,655</b>	<b>101,902</b>
FUND BALANCE, Beginning	365,980	445,512	445,512	-	343,610
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$ 370,905	\$ 197,028	\$ 482,683	\$ 285,655	\$ 445,512

See the accompanying independent auditors' report.

CIVA CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE  
SCHOOL DIVISION TRUST FUND

Years Ended December 31,

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
School's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability	0.1452%	0.1663%	0.1736%
School's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 1,849,496	\$ 2,253,360	\$ 2,655,531
School's covered-employee payroll	\$ 688,972	\$ 747,876	\$ 756,672
School's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	268.4%	301.3%	350.9%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	64.1%	62.8%	59.2%

See the accompanying independent auditors' report.

CIVA CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL  
 SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL'S CONTRIBUTIONS  
 SCHOOL DIVISION TRUST FUND

Years Ended June 30,

	2014	2015	2016
Statutorily required contributions	\$ 133,838	\$ 135,045	\$ 138,334
Contributions in relation to the Statutorily required contributions	133,838	135,045	138,334
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
School's covered-employee payroll	\$ 747,876	\$ 749,161	\$ 738,451
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	17.90%	18.03%	18.73%

See the accompanying independent auditors' report.